

7.3-7.4 Review

Write each of the following in logarithmic form.

1.  $9^2 = 81$   
 $\log_9 81 = 2$

2.  $\frac{1}{64} = (\frac{1}{4})^3$   
 $\log_{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{1}{64} = 3$

3.  $8^3 = 512$   
 $\log_8 512 = 3$

4.  $(\frac{1}{3})^{-2} = 9$   
 $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} 9 = -2$

Evaluate each logarithm.

5.  $\log_4 64$   
 $4^x = 64$   
 $x = 3$

6.  $\log_9 81$   
 $9^x = 81$   
 $x = 2$

7.  $\log_7 7^6$   
 $7^x = 7^6$   
 $x = 6$

8.  $\log_3 \frac{1}{81}$   
 $3^x = \frac{1}{81}$   
 $x = -4$

Graph each logarithmic function. State the domain, range, asymptotes and the x-intercept.

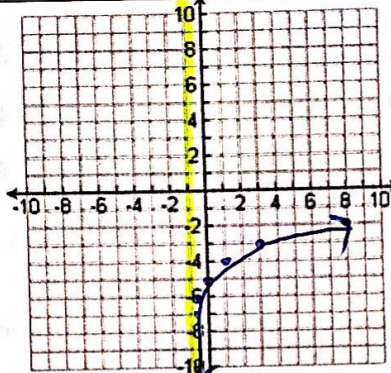
9.  $y = \log_2(x+1) - 5$

X	2 <sup>x</sup>	X	log <sub>2</sub> x
2	.25	.25	-2
-1	.5	.5	-1
0	1	1	0
1	2	2	1
2	4	4	2

left 1  
down 5

X	Y
-1.75	-7
-1.5	-6
0	-5
1	-4
3	-3

D: (-1, ∞)  
 R: ℝ  
 asy: x = -1  
 X-int = (3, 0)



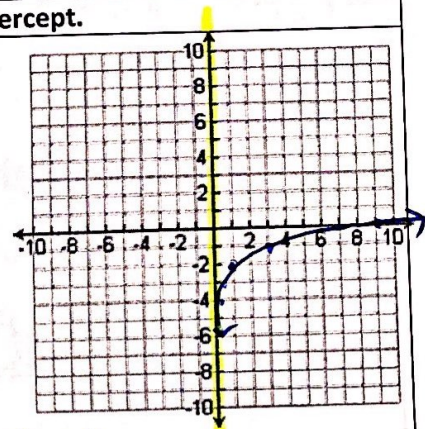
10.  $y = \log_3 x - 2$

X	3 <sup>x</sup>	X	log <sub>3</sub> x
-2	.1	.1	-2
-1	.3	.3	-1
0	1	1	0
1	3	3	1
2	9	9	2

down 2

X	Y
-.1	-4
-.3	-3
1	-2
3	-1
9	0

D: (0, ∞)  
 R: ℝ  
 asy: x = 0  
 X-int (9, 0)



Describe the transformations for the following graphs.

11.  $y = 2 \log_6(x+1) - 5$   
 Stretch, left 1, down 5

12.  $y = \log_2(x-4) + 1$   
 right 4, up 1

Write each equation in exponential form.

13.  $\log_4 256 = 4$   
 $4^4 = 256$

14.  $\log_7 1 = 0$   
 $7^0 = 1$

15.  $\log_8 \frac{1}{64} = -2$   
 $8^{-2} = \frac{1}{64}$

Find the inverse of each function.

16.  $y = \log_8 x$   
 $x = \log_8 y$   
 $8^x = y^{-1}$

17.  $y = \log_2 4x$   
 $x = \log_2 4y$   
 $2^x = 4y$   
 $\frac{2^x}{4} = y$

18.  $y = \log(x+4)$   
 $x = \log(y+4)$   
 $10^x = y+4$   
 $10^x - 4 = y$



Write each expression as a single logarithm.

19.  $\log_5 4 + \log_5 3$

$$\log_5 (4 \cdot 3)$$

$$\log_5 12$$

20.  $(\log 3 - \log 4) - \log 2$

$$\log\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) - \log 2$$

$$\log\left(\frac{3}{4} \div 2\right) \rightarrow \log\left(\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\log \frac{3}{8}$$

21.  $2 \log x - 3 \log y$

$$\log x^2 - \log y^3$$

$$\log \frac{x^2}{y^3}$$

22.  $\frac{1}{2} \log x + \frac{1}{3} \log y - 2 \log z$

$$\log x^{1/2} + \log y^{1/3} - \log z^2$$

$$\log \frac{x^{1/2} \cdot y^{1/3}}{z^2}$$

23.  $\frac{1}{2} \log r + \frac{1}{3} \log s - \frac{1}{4} \log t$

$$\log r^{1/2} + \log s^{1/3} - \log t^{1/4}$$

$$\log \frac{r^{1/2} s^{1/3}}{t^{1/4}}$$

24.  $\log_5 y - 4(\log_5 r + 2 \log_5 t)$

$$\log_5 y - 4(\log_5 r + \log_5 t^2)$$

$$\log_5 y - 4 \log_5 r t^2$$

$$\log_5 y - \log_5 (r t^2)^4$$

$$\log_5 \frac{y}{(r t^2)^4} = \log_5 \frac{y}{r^4 t^8}$$

Expand each logarithm. Simplify if possible.

25.  $\log 7(3x - 2)^2$

$$\log 7 + \log (3x - 2)^2$$

$$\log 7 + 2 \log (3x - 2)$$

~~log 7 + 2 log (3x - 2)~~

26.  $\log_5 5x^{-5}$

$$\log_5 5 + \log_5 x^{-5}$$

$$\log_5 5 - 5 \log_5 x$$

$$1 - 5 \log_5 x$$

27.  $\log 6x^3y$

$$\log 6 + \log x^3 + \log y$$

$$\log 6 + 3 \log x + \log y$$

28.  $\log \frac{5x}{4y}$

$$\log 5x - \log 4y$$

$$(\log 5 + \log x) - (\log 4 + \log y)$$

Use change of base formula to evaluate each expression. Round to the nearest thousandth.

29.  $\log_3 5$

$$\frac{\log 5}{\log 3} = 1.465$$

30.  $\log_2 15$

$$\frac{\log 15}{\log 2} = 3.907$$

31.  $\log_6 17$

$$\frac{\log 17}{\log 6} = 1.581$$

Determine if each statement is true or false. Justify your answer with your work.

32.  $\log 12 = \log 4 + \log 3$

$$\log 12 = \log (4 \cdot 3)$$

$$\log 12 = \log 12 \quad \checkmark \quad \text{True!}$$

33.  $\log \frac{3}{5} = \frac{\log 3}{\log 5}$

$$\log 3 - \log 5 = \frac{\log 3}{\log 5} \quad \times \quad \text{False}$$

Use the properties of logarithms to evaluate each expression.

34.  $\log_2 8 + \log_2 4$

$$\log_2 32$$

$$2^x = 32 \quad x = 5$$

35.  $\log_2 160 - \log_2 5$

$$\log_2 32$$

$$2^x = 32 \quad x = 5$$

36.  $\log_6 27 + \log_6 8$

$$\log_6 216$$

$$6^x = 216 \quad x = 3$$